







Transport Triumph!

Learn about Red Funnel's growth and success over time...

Student Introduction

- This resource asks you to consider reasons for, and effects of, the development of transport in the 19th Century, including Red Funnel ferries.
- Look at the sources and answer the questions / complete the activities.

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Key word

Artefact: the word we use for all the things we find that tell us about the past.

- 1. Look at all the pictures on page 2.
- Try to put them in common groupings you need at least 3 to make a group.
- 3. Write down the numbers of the types of transport that make up your group.
- Think of a name for your group DO NOT TELL ANYONE THE NAME YOU HAVE CHOSEN.
- The other people on your table try to guess what name you have given your group.
- The person who guesses correctly is the next person to choose a group. edudestu
- edudesti edudes eduldes IMPORTANT – one artefact can be in many groups! edudes













oil tanker yacht coach car ferry hovercraft

CHANGES IN TRANSPORT

about each type of transport then complete the table on page 4



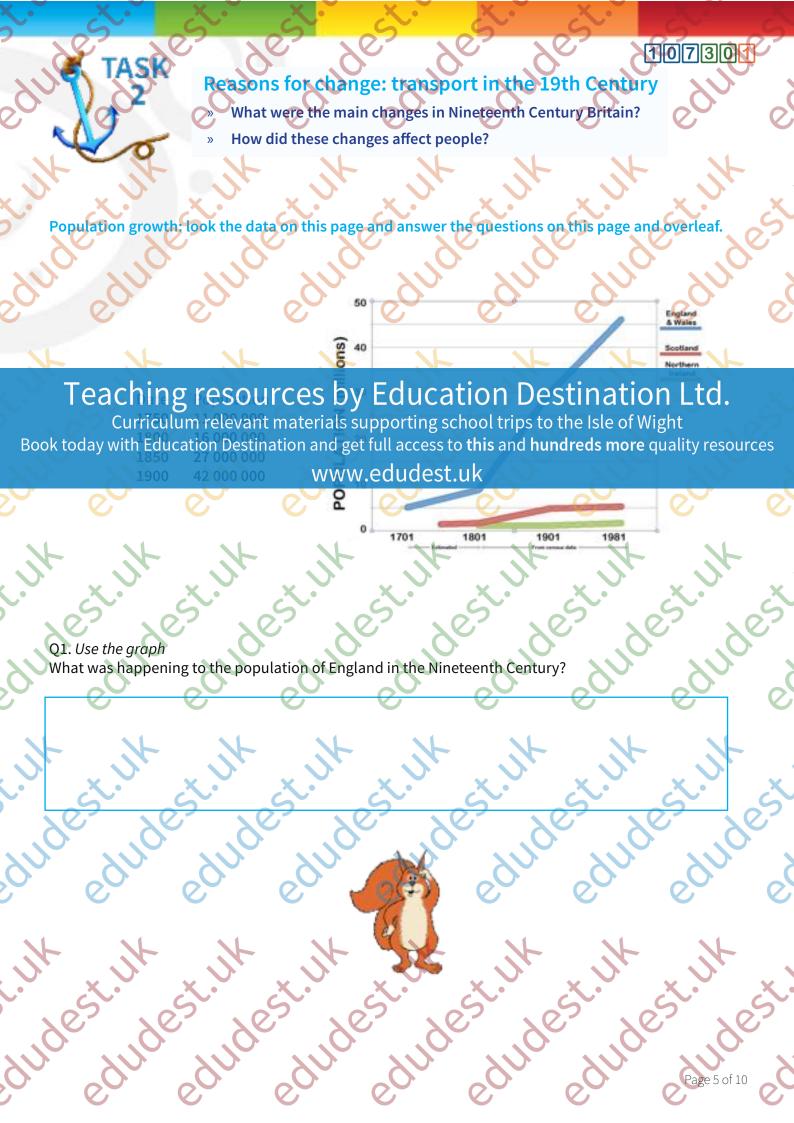
2	Read the information about each type of transport then	complete the table on page 4
Picture	Description of what it was	Description of what it did
	 The cart was a large tray made of wood on wheels. The wheels were wooden and had a metal rim to keep them together and stop them wearing down. It went on the road, and roads went everywhere so everyone could use this type of transport. It was pulled by horses so was the same speed as a man 	 If the cart was small then it was easy for the horse to pull but it could not carry very much. If the cart was large then it could carry lots but it needed many horses which was expensive. The cart had narrow wheels and these cut up the road. When the road was uneven the things in the cart got thrown about and
T	eaching resources by Education Curriculum relevant materials supporting school	n Destination Ltd. and carts could not move. trips to the Isle of Wight goods not people.
Book to	day with Education Destination and get full access to this	and hundreds more quality resources for building.
	because it was totally level. This www.edudest.uk	It could carry ten times as much as a cart. This was big
	 were made to keep the canal level. By 1800 the main industrial cities were connected by canal to London. The barge was pulled by a horse so it was the same speed as a man walking: 4 miles per hour. 	 improvement, especially for people living in towns. Also the barge moved smoothly, so nothing got broken. However most towns were not on a canal so this transport did not help them. Then in winter if the canal froze the barges could not move. They were only for carrying goods not people.
	 A railway had rails that were laid over flat ground. Tunnels and cuttings were made to keep the railway level. By 1900 almost all towns and cities were connected by railways. Steam engines could travel at 40 miles per hour in 1850 and by 1900 this had increased to 80 miles per hour. The engine could pull lots of carriages at once carrying different things; people goods, and animals. The carriages were able to carry much more than either a cart or a barge. 	 had not increased since Roman times i.e. 2500 years. Because people could travel ten times faster they could go ten times further in the same time. Railways were the first type of transport that helped people as well as good move. Railways could carry ten times as much as a barge or one hundred times as much as a cart. Therefore railways reduced the cost of transport so goods became cheaper. This meant the quality, the quantity and the variety of goods increased so people lived longer.
	 The hull of this vessel - a paddle steamer - was similar in shape to sailing boats, but it had paddles at each side. They were turned by a steam engine so it did not need the wind to get to its destination. This made it possible for paddle steamers to run to a timetable. They could travel at 10 knots which is about 11 miles per hour. Like all vessels they could carry anything; people, goods, animals and even very large things like vehicles. 	 Paddle steamers were a big step forward in water transport. In simple terms paddle steamers did on water what trains did on land. Paddle steamers and trains allowed people to travel for work and pleasure in a way that had never been possible before.

CHANGES IN TRANSPORT TABLE

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Use the information about each type of transport to complete the following table





Q2. What do you think would be the consequences of having more people alive?	
Think about people's basic human needs.	
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Q3. What would have to change in Britain due to this rise in population?	2
squaequaequaequaequaequaequaequae	S
Q4. What would be the effects of having more people living in Britain?	
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Population Distribution in the UK	S
1801	
Where people lived in 1801 Where people lived in 1881 In any live in 1801 Where people lived in 1881	X
Q5. Study the pie charts above. How did where people live change?	
in Sezingezingezingezingezingezingezingezing	X 2
Q6. What would be the consequences of having more people living in towns and cities? Tick all that you think apply:	S
More towns Larger towns More pollution More shops More factories Page 6 of 10	

X.	S.	S.	S.	S.	X.	S.	3.	X
	2 11 - 116	l'attended in the contract of			6	K, S	10730	
9/1/6	7. How is life in t	tne town differe	ent to living in t	tne country?	200	200	20	
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	- 1	1	1	1	1			
	X.V	X.	X.		X.V	X.		X
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Ma	ake a list of all th	ne things you fi	nd in a town:	Make	a list of things	people living i	n a town need:	2
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Q8	3. How were the	se things going	to get to the to	own? What had	d to improve?	X'n.	× '7.	X
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QE	3. How were the	se things going	to get to the to	own? What had	d to improve?	eging	egno	6
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	K.J.	X.V	X.V	X.V.	X.V	X.V	X.	X
Q	9. So if more and	l more people v	were living in to	owns how mig	ht the country	have to chang	egng.	6
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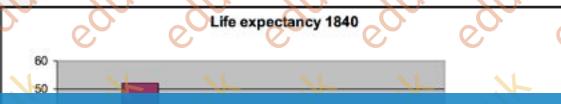


Use the data below to work out who got the most out of these changes.

DEFINITION: life expectancy is how many years people can expect to live.

- If lots of people die young then it will be a low number
- » If most people live until old age then it will be a high number
- » Today life expectancy is 78 years for women and 72 years for men

Key question: how did life expectancy change?

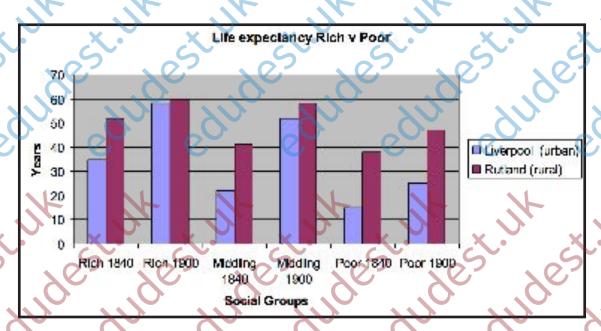


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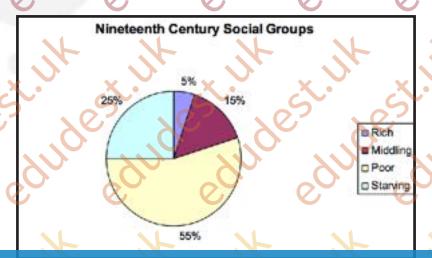
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Q10. Who do you think was better off in the Nineteenth Century? Give reasons.



The rich and the poor in the Nineteenth Century from Booth's research on London 1892 to 1897



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Q12. Which group of people do you think Red Funnel might have brought to the Isle of Wight back in the 19th Century?

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Q13. Why do you think they were coming to the Isle of Wight?

Q14. What was so attractive about the Isle of Wight at that time? edudest.IX ,dudest.ilk ,dudest.il





RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

Going on holiday and the way it changed over time. Find out the following:

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Who went?	1050	3	5 65
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$\gamma \sim \gamma_{O}$	10 10	70 70	70 70
Why did they go?		e e	
4 4			4

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Then, complete some research into this period of transport development.

Think about the following key questions:

- What were the main changes in types of transport?
- Why did transport have to change?



